
WEATHER.
Thursday rain, somewhat
colder West portion.

DAILY KENTUCKIAN

"GREATER HOPKINS-
VILLE WANTS YOU."

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HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY, THURSDAY, MARCH 14, 1918.

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EDITORIAL COMMENT

Call 449 if you fail to get the Kentuckian promptly. And if you have a news item, phone it to the same number.

The General Assembly is entering upon its last week.

The sun rises today at 6:15 and sets at 6:05.

L. R. Crawley is another Hopkinstown man who has three sons in the U. S. Army.

You ought to have planted your potatoes Tuesday. The moon changed yesterday.

Ira D. Smith, one of the Board of Exemption for Christian county, is himself called for examination today.

The Kentucky State Military Department has ordered the 2244 negro conscripts awaiting call to begin mobilizing at Camp Taylor next Monday.

Senator Frank Rives is still pushing his registration bill in the final hours. By-the-way, Senator Rives is easily one of the most influential leaders of the Senate.

Hall R. Nestler, a divinity student at Galesburg, Ill., appeared for examination and said he could be of more service fighting than preaching and asked for a quick chance to get to France.

The three Wilkinson boys are all officers in the service of the Country. Lieut. Eph Wilkinson is in France with the engineers, Jack Wilkinson is at Camp Jackson, Columbia, S. C., F. L. Wilkinson, Jr., is an Ensign in the U. S. Navy, on board the cruiser Devener.

Rhode Island, like New York and New Jersey, has defeated the ratification of the prohibition amendment. This finishes the states whose Legislatures are in session and the record stands 8 dry and 3 wet with referendums. The dry states were Mississippi, Virginia, Kentucky, South Carolina, North Dakota, Maryland, Montana and Texas.

The Huns evidently hope to destroy the morale of the French people by the raids on Paris. The Frenchman has not the quiet stoicism of the Englishman and is more apt to be thrown into a panicky condition. In London the theatres even pay very little attention to the possibility of having bombs dropped on them.

At last the call has come for colored men to respond to the call of the country for soldiers. If all of them are like those in this county the negroes are ready and willing to go. In the examinations last year very few of them claimed exemption, but nearly all of them appeared not only willing but anxious to go. In the crowd of 100 waiting to be examined yesterday there seemed to be no cowards in the line but on all sides was a cheerful willingness that approached enthusiasm. Those who passed seemed proud of the fact and came out smiling.

PROUD OF ARCHIE

COL. ROOSEVELT'S COMMENTS ON LEARNING THAT HIS SON WAS SHOT.

(By International News Service.) New York, March 14.—"I am as proud of my four boys as I can be. As long as Archie was not killed, everything is all right." Such were the words of Theodore Roosevelt this afternoon, when he received a message from Theodore Roosevelt, Jr., Major with American troops in France, which read:

"Archie wounded by shrapnel, slightly in leg. Arm broken, but not badly. No danger." Ted. Just previous to the receipt of this message Col. Roosevelt received a message saying: "Archie has been decorated by the French General with the Cross of War."

DELINQUENT ARRESTED.

Edward Dickerson, col., a delinquent who failed to return his questionnaire, was arrested Tuesday by the local police and turned over to the local Draft Board. Dickerson was immediately put in Class 1 and today he was sent to Camp Taylor, Louisville. He was sent alone. Should he refuse to report to the authorities at the Camp he will be treated as a deserter and when found by court martial and punished accordingly.

JAPAN TO INTERVENE IN SIBERIA

DRAFT MEN RUN GAUNTLET

Examinations Partake of Rapid Fire Nature—Men Examined in Record Time.

HELD AT THE AVALON

Thirty-two Failed to Answer Call Yesterday—More Examinations Today.

The appeal of the Local Draft Board for an adequate force of both doctors and clerical help was not in vain, for, yesterday morning at 9:00 o'clock plenty of doctors and clerks were at the Avalon on time and the work of examining Class 1 men began in earnest and proceeded rapidly until 12 o'clock noon when the last man had been put through the necessary test preliminary to becoming a real "Sammy."

Out of 163 men called 151 answered and were examined. Of these 125 are residents of this county and 8 are transfers from other places but asked to be examined here. There were 32 who did not answer to their names when called. What excuses will be offered is not known but it is generally known that several men are now located in other places and these will likely be examined by other boards as transfers from this county.

Mr. T. L. Metcalf did the generous thing (he always does) and tendered the use of the Avalon for the several examinations to be held this week and next. Uncle Sam will no doubt recognize and reward Mr. Metcalf as a real patriot. There are other patriots also. On entering the room yesterday the registrant was questioned and enrolled and given his blank by E. H. Higgins, M. L. Elb and George DeTreville. From here he went to the scales and was weighed by George Harris who was his own clerk. After being weighed each man was sent to Dr. G. W. Lovan and H. A. Robinson where they were measured as to height and respiration and recorded by A. A. Winfree. Then the eyes and ears were tested by Drs. Beasley and Perkins assisted by J. D. Higgins, Prentice Mercer, and W. O. Soyars. Then the teeth were examined by Dr. L. Grace and his findings recorded by himself. The examination of the chest was made by Dr. Austin Bell with L. H. Petrie as clerk and the examination from the waist line to the feet was made by Dr. F. P. Thomas assisted by Tom Kelly. Finally the registrant was looked over and his record examined by Dr. J. H. Rice of the Draft Board. After the examination was complete the registrant was sent to the office of the clerk of the Board and his record filed for reference. Today 163 more are called and the examination will proceed as yesterday.

INCREASE

IN MONUMENT FUND BY WILL OF A LOUISVILLE WOMAN.

By the terms of the will of Mrs. Sarah E. Lowry Parker of Louisville, Ky., the sum of \$1,000 is left to the Jefferson Davis Monument Fund Association. The will was admitted to probate Tuesday in the Jefferson county court.

CONSCIENTIOUS OBJECTORS DOING COMPULSORY DUTY.

(By International News Service.) Pittsburgh, March 13.—"I do not believe in any wars. I am not going to kill workmen regardless of race, nationality or religion. I believe in class struggle. I think U. S. had no moral right to enter this war. I am not going to collect debts for Mrs. P. Morgan and J. D. Rockefeller. Therefore you must exempt me if you want less trouble for U. S. government."

Stanley Pharys, a waiter, who classifies himself as a conscientious objector, member of socialist party, Bolshevik and Internationalist, informed his exemption board of the above facts by letter. Stanley was first arrested as a deserter, jailed for five days and then escorted to Camp Lee to do duty under compulsion.



1—Two soldiers carrying a wounded comrade down a communication trench to a front aid station. 2—Turkish prisoners taken by the British being marched through the streets of ancient Bagdad. 3—Soldiers at Camp Hancock moving through the shadow-banks that help make them safe.

SOLDIER DIES

RAYMOND MAGRAW A VICTIM OF PNEUMONIA AT CAMP TAYLOR.

Raymond Magraw, aged 22, the young son of Dr. N. C. Magraw, formerly of Edgemoor, but now of Cadis, died at Camp Zachary Taylor yesterday afternoon at 3 o'clock of pneumonia. The young man was in the first draft from Christian county and went to Louisville last September. He was a splendid young soldier full of patriotism and loyalty. His untimely death before he ever had an opportunity to fight for his country is deeply regretted by all who knew him.

The young soldier's body will reach this city today and will be taken to the Magraw burying ground at Rounding Spring for interment.

MRS. SUE BYARS

(Special to Kentuckian.) Trenton, Ky., March 13.—Mrs. Sue Byars, widow of the late Lee Byars, died at her home here this afternoon, aged 64 years. She was a daughter of Dr. Fox who was killed in Trenton during the civil war by a negro. Mrs. Byars is survived by two children. The funeral will be tomorrow.

MUTINEERS

(By International News Service.) Atlantic Port, March 13.—Sixty Russian members of the crew of a steamer lying at harbor, who refused to work or obey orders were taken off their vessel. The Navy Department may take charge of the ship on the grounds that it is a menace to the harbor.

PROMOTION

Miss Lillian Brasher, who has been county demonstration agent for Marshall county has been transferred to Hart county. The change is in the nature of a promotion with an increase in salary. Miss Brasher is here for a few days with her parents before entering upon her new duties.

DISTRESSED SHIP SENDS OUT "S. O. S." IN VAIN.

(By International News Service.) San Francisco, March 13.—Badly leaking while only a few miles off Honolulu and in danger of sinking, the American bark Retriever failed to obtain help from passing ships, which apparently feared the back to be an enemy raider, according to Captain John Ross, who has arrived here. The Retriever sent up distress signals repeatedly, but they attracted no attention, Captain Ross said. Federal officers are investigating. After much difficulty the Retriever made port, and is now in drydock at Honolulu.

ROSY PROSPECT FOR FACTORY

Committee Returns Full of Enthusiasm and Hopes Run High.

SAW PADUCAH FACTORY

Great Opportunity to Put Hoptown on Map As "Shure Nuf" Town.

The committee of business men selected Monday to go to Paducah to make further investigations into the proposition of the American Cigar Co., to locate a factory here returned last night full of enthusiasm and hope of securing a factory for Hopkinsville. The committee consisted of J. E. McPherson, Dr. P. H. Bassett, and J. T. Wall.

This committee was met by Dr. David Weiss and shown through the Paducah plant, going over the payroll, through the work department, kitchen and dressing rooms, and the hospital section. The factory was found to be kept clean and sanitary and up-to-date in every respect. The kitchen and lunch room serves lunch to the girls at cost. Dressing rooms are provided for convenience and the hospital for any employees who may get sick and need immediate attention. About 300 girls and women are employed and every precaution is taken to protect their health and morals.

This company has in its employ many who are well educated and refined. It was found that several had once taught school but had given up teaching for work in this factory.

Girls receive at starting \$4.00 per week and are advanced after 3 or 4 weeks as they learn until many make from \$8 to \$14 per week. Any one making less than \$8 per week after 3 or 4 months is not desirable.

A factory will be started in Hopkinsville at once if a suitable building can be arranged for and a guarantee of 300 or more girls and women employees to start. Only white people are employed. The company would rather work 1,000 girls than 300 but will start with the smaller number.

A factory in Hopkinsville would mean a pay-roll of not less than \$2,100 per week and might run to \$3,500 or \$4,000. The committee will report Friday night to a meeting of business people in the office of the H. B. M. A. Everyone who is interested in this proposition and a Greater Hopkinsville is expected to come out Friday night at 7:30. Don't forget the hour.

STEALS "GERM RABBITS."

(By International News Service.) Montgomery, Ala., March 13.—The State Laboratory and Pasteur Institute had several rabbits, inoculated with germs, for experimental purposes. Recently a thief made way with the rabbits. Developments are being awaited with keen interest.

ENSIGN FALLS

TO HIS DEATH FROM A SEA PLANE AT NORFOLK, VIRGINIA.

(By International News Service.) Washington, March 13.—Ensign Leslie McNaughton, of the United States Navy, was killed at Norfolk, Va., today, as a result of a fall from a seaplane, was announced at the Navy Department tonight. His home was at Fort Elwood, N. Y.

EPIDEMIC

OF SPINAL MENINGITIS CAUSES APPEAL TO THE U. S. HEALTH DEPARTMENT.

(By International News Service.) Lexington, Ky., March 13.—An epidemic of spinal meningitis is raging at Glasgow, Ky. The United States Health department has been appealed to.

ENLISTED

The government has asked the dentists of the country to aid in filling or extracting teeth for men subject to the selective service law. The dentists of Hopkinsville have enlisted for this service and will devote as much as one hour each day, if need be, to work for these men, which work will be without charge. This will be of material aid to the government and will do away with the necessity of having this work done after arriving at the training camps.

GOES THE LIMIT

When filling out his questionnaire, Clyde Wright, a Todd county boy 26 years, refused to claim any exemption from service as a soldier and stated that he was not only ready but willing to don the khaki. That is going the limit. He shelled out a full \$1,000 for War Savings Stamps. He was the first to go the limit, since an individual cannot purchase more than a thousand dollars in War Savings Stamps.

MADE TO KISS AND WAVE AMERICAN FLAG.

(By International News Service.) Pittsburgh, March 13.—Not one, but several times was Frank Waldoway compelled to kiss the American flag. Not satisfied with this, Policeman James Noon made him walk up and down the cellroom of the police station, waving the flag over his head. Frank was arrested for saying that he would remain a slacker as long as he lived.

SETTLEMENT OF RUSSO-JAPANESE PROBLEM REACHED

RAILROAD BILL GOES THROUGH

Conference Report Adopted In the Senate With Eight Negative Votes.

GORE ONLY DEMOCRAT

Federal Control Is to Cease 21 Months After The War Ends.

(By International News Service.)

Washington, March 13.—The Conference report on the administration railroad bill was adopted by the Senate this afternoon 47 to 8. Senators voting against it were Borah, of Idaho; Cunnings, of Iowa; Gore, of Oklahoma; Gronna, of North Dakota; Johnson, of California; Kenyon, of Idaho; Norris of Nebraska; Townsend, of Michigan. The House has yet to act upon the report which concerns the bill giving the president authority to take over all railroads and operate them and to guarantee them certain compensation. The adoption of the report by the Senate was marked by opposition. The bill was altered to allow the President to initiate rates subject to review by the interstate commerce commission. Railroads are guaranteed return based on the average operating income for the three years ending June 30, 1917. There is a revolving fund of \$500,000,000 to purchase rolling stock. Federal control ceases 21 months after peace is declared.

STRANDED

STEAMER 125 SAVED

(By International News Service.)

East Hampton, L. I., March 13.—Sixty passengers of the Stranded steamer, Kishaw, which went aground last night, and which was being towed to pieces by a gale today, were landed this afternoon by Breeches Buys. The remainder of 125 passengers and the crew of 49 were transferred to patrol boats.

CONGESTION

IN BIG WAR LEGISLATION

(By International News Service.)

Washington, March 13.—Work of the Nation's War in Congress is reaching Legislative congestion. Numerous recent speed-up conferences and even requests from the President for haste have been of no avail. Three great features of the war program are held up in addition to a number of important but small plans. The important ones are the full operation of railroads as a national unit, reorganization of the executive department, the Thrift Liberty Loan, terms and amount.

Protect Curtains.

At the bottom of your bedroom curtains put small snaps, and up as far as you can reach put snap eyes. At night hook the bottom of the curtains up to prevent them from blowing out after the windows are opened. Do the same with the portieres when you are sweeping the floors or dusting.

(By International News Service.)

Washington, March 13.—Japan will intervene in Siberia soon as a result of President Wilson's appeal to the Russian soviets becomes apparent. Preferably Japan will act with the approval of Soviets, but she will act, if emergency demands, without reference to Russian sentiment. Action will be backed by England, France and Italy. The United States having expressed an adverse opinion will remain aloof. The above outlines the settlement of the Russo-Japanese problem which has been current in diplomatic circles this afternoon.

THE TEUTONS

HAVE ENTERED ODESSA PORT

(By International News Service.)

Amsterdam, March 13.—The teutonic advance patrols have entered the city of Odessa, forcing the black sea fleet to surrender. An ultimate drive into Persia, Afghanistan and India is believed to be the objective in taking this big port city. Rumania is now completely bottled.

Berlin, March 13.—An official announcement is made tonight that one thousand German troops have entered Odessa.

GUNFIRE AND RAIN THEORY.

"Well, dad, you used to argue that the heavy firing of big guns causes heavy rains. I've noticed over here that the biggest rains fall before the cannonading begins," writes a soldier boy in France to his father in Illinois.

What this soldier has observed sustains the argument of the well-known scientist, Alexander McAdie, who says that the heavy firing of big guns does not cause rain. He further says:

"The dates of the heaviest firing have not been accompanied nor followed by unusual rains either in the zone of fire or within moderate distance. The rains seem to have come and gone without regard to the firing. Naturally one will associate any stormy weather occurring near the date of a battle, but may easily overlook that in some cases rain begins before the battle. Or again, rain falling within two or three days of a battle is attributed to the battle, when in fact the rain area can be traced far to the west several days in advance.

"A notable instance of this confusion of event and cause is the battle of Gettysburg, often quoted as directly causing rain. The first 3 days were clear, while rain fell on the fourth day or after the battle was over. A slight study of weather sequences in that locality will show that such a sequence is entirely normal. In the past three years there has been unusual opportunity by explosions in munition plants and depots to study the conculsional theory of rain making, and evidence adverse to the theory steadily accumulates.

"A close watch has been kept on some other problems, such as the audibility of gun-fire and the aberration of the sound with different atmospheric conditions. A cloudy sky, for example, appears to be more favorable for the travel of sound than a clear sky. Along the coast of England the sound of the guns in France can be heard distinctly when light northerly winds are blowing, although one would suspect the opposite. It seems that at such times there are south winds higher up in the air and the sound waves are reflected downward. Such a reversal of air currents is found as a rule in advance of rain.

"Under such conditions when distant gun-fire is heard and is followed in a short time by rain, the hearer naturally connects the rain with the gun-fire. It is a juxtaposition of the air streams and not the concussion that results in rain."—Evansville Courier.

Go to Sleep.

"That lets me out," said the prisoner as the governor signed his pardon.